

ing they retreated. The other party came up subsequently, and acted in the same way, but three hundred of them remained on an island in Lake Champlain, to see whether our men would not grow weary of being under arms at Sault St. Louis, so that they might profit by some lucky chance. At last, learning that we were constantly well on our guard, they got tired of waiting, and took up their route for their own country.¹

Then the Count de Frontenac resolved to do the Mohawks all the evil that they had intended to do us: for it was this canton that had mainly made up the last party. Moreover, their pretended relations with the Indians of Sault St. Louis always disturbed the General, much more indeed than they should have done. He accordingly dispatched to the Chevalier de Callières, two hundred Canadians, some Hurons from Lorette, Abénaquis from the Falls of the Chaudiere, Algonquins and Sokokis from the neighborhood of Three Rivers, with orders to add a hundred more Canadians from his own district, a hundred soldiers and Iroquois from the Sault, and the Mountain; to form them all into an army corps, and to send it forthwith against the Mohawks.²

These orders were executed with extreme diligence; the force was composed of six hundred men.³ De Callières assigned the command to Lieutenants de Mantet, de Courtemanche and de la Noue,³ and on the 25th of Janu-

1692.

The Iroquois retire without doing anything.

Irruption into the Mohawk canton.

1693.

¹ This year 1692, even amid the war, witnessed the establishment at Montreal of a General Hospital by Francis Charon of Blois, who formed a community of Hospital Brothers, They obtained Letters Patent in 1694 and 1718. Edits et Ordonnances, i., p. 277, 389. Charon went to France in 1719, to get auxiliaries, and died on his voyage back, soon after leaving Rochelle. This led to the speedy extinction of the work. Juchereau, Histoire de l'Hotel Dieu, p. 352. His earliest and most faithful associate was Peter Le Ber, brother

of the Recluse, and the first Canadian painter. Faillon, Vie de Mlle. le Ber, p. 329. Vie de Mme. d'Youville, p. 23, &c., ante, p. 207.

² Narrative of Military Operations, 1692-3. N. Y. Col. Doc., ix., p. 550. Relation, 1692-3. *Ib.*, p. 557.

³ De la Potherie says, more than 600, with thirty officers; the Narrative of Military Operations says 526.

¹ De Manteht led the van with the forces from Three Rivers; de Courtemanche followed with those of Quebec. Relation, &c., 1692-3. N. Y. Col. Doc., ix., p. 557.